or presented at the same time as separate documents.

(c) All fraud, abuse, or illegal acts or indications of such acts, including all questioned costs found as the result of these acts that auditors become aware of, should normally be covered in a separate written report submitted in accordance with §41.13(f).

(d) In addition to the audit report, the recipient shall provide comments on the findings and recommendations in the report, including a plan for corrective action taken or planned and comments on the status of corrective action taken on prior findings. If corrective action is not necessary, a statement describing the reason it is not should accompany the audit report.

(e) The reports shall be made available by the State or local government for public inspection within 30 days after the completion of the audit.

(f) In accordance with generally accepted government audit standards, reports shall be submitted by the auditor to the organization audited and to those requiring or arranging for the audit. In addition, the recipient shall submit copies of the reports to each Federal department or agency that provided Federal assistance funds to the recipient. Subrecipients shall submit copies to recipients that provided them Federal assistance funds. The reports shall be sent with 30 days after the completion of the audit, but not later than one year after the end of the audit period unless a longer period is agreed to with the cognizant agency

(g) Recipients of more than \$100,000 Federal funds shall submit one copy of the audit report within 30 days after issuance to a central clearinghouse to be designated by the Office of Management and Budget. The clearinghouse will keep completed audits on file and follow up with State and local governments that have not submitted required audit reports.

(h) Recipients shall keep audit reports on file for three years from their issuance.

(Authority: Pub. L. 98-502)

§ 41.14 Audit resolution.

As provided in §41.11, the cognizant agency shall be responsible for monitoring the resolution of audit findings

that affect the programs of more than one Federal agency. Resolution of findings that relate to the programs of a single Federal agency will be the responsibility of the recipient and that agency. Alternate arrangement may be made on a case-by-case basis by agreement among the agencies concerned. Resolution shall be made within six months after receipt of the report by the Federal departments and agencies. Corrective action should proceed as rapidly as possible.

(Authority: Pub. L. 98-502)

$\S41.15$ Audit workpapers and reports.

Workpapers and reports shall be retained for a minimum of three years from the date of the audit report, unless the auditor is notified in writing by the cognizant agency to extend the retention period. Audit workpapers shall be made available upon request to the cognizant agency or its designee or the General Accounting Office, at the completion of the audit.

(Authority: Pub. L. 98-502)

§41.16 Audit costs.

The cost of audits made in accordance with the provisions of these regulations are allowable charges to Federal assistance programs.

(a) The charges may be considered a direct cost or an allocated indirect cost, determined in accordance with the provision of Circular A-87, "Cost principles for State and local governments."

(b) Generally, the percentage of costs charged to Federal assistance programs for a single audit shall not exceed the percentage that Federal funds expended represent of total funds expended by the recipient during the fiscal year. The percentage may be exceeded, however, if appropriate documentation demonstrates higher actual cost.

(Authority: Pub. L. 98-502)

§41.17 Sanctions.

The Single Audit Act provides that no cost may be charged to Federal assistance programs for audits required by the Act that are not made in accordance with these regulations. In

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cases of continued inability or unwillingness to have a proper audit, Federal agencies must consider other appropriate sanctions including:

- (a) Withholding a percentage of assistance payments until the audit is completed satisfactorily,
- (b) Withholding or disallowing overhead costs, and
- (c) Suspending the Federal assistance agreement until the audit is made.

(Authority: Pub. L. 98-502)

§41.18 Auditor selection.

In arranging for audit services State and local governments shall follow the procurement standards prescribed by Attachment O of Circular A-102. "Uniform requirements for grants to State and local governments." The standards provide that while recipients are encouraged to enter into intergovernmental agreements for audit and other services, analysis should be made to determine whether it would be more economical to purchase the services from private firms. In instances where use of such intergovernmental agreements are required by State statutes (e.g., audit services) these statutes will take precedence.

(Authority: Pub. L. 98-502)

§41.19 Small and minority audit firms.

Small audit firms and audit firms owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in contracts awarded to fulfill the requirements of these regulations. Recipients of Federal assistance shall take the following steps to further this goal:

- (a) Assure that small audit firms and audit firms owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals are used to the fullest extent practicable.
- (b) Make information on forthcoming opportunities available and arrange timeframes for the audit so as to encourage and facilitate participation by small audit firms and audit firms owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals.

(c) Consider in the contract process whether firms competing for larger audits intend to subcontract with small audit firms and audit firms owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals.

(d) Encourage contracting with small audit firms or audit firms owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals which have traditionally audited government programs and, in such cases where this is not possible, assure that these firms are given consideration for audit subcontracting opportunities.

- (e) Encourage contracting with consortiums of small audit firms as described in paragraph (a) of this section when a contract is too large for an individual small audit firm or audit firm owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals.
- (f) Use the services and assistance, as appropriate, of such organizations as the Small Business Administration in the solicitation and utilization of small audit firms or audit firms owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals.

(Authority: Pub. L. 98-502)

§41.20 Reporting.

Each Federal agency will report to the Director of OMB on or before March 1, 1987, and annually thereafter on the effectiveness of State and local governments in carrying out the provisions of these regulations. The report must identify each State or local government or Indian tribe that, in the opinion of the agency, is failing to comply with these regulations.

(Authority: Pub. L. 98-502)

42—STANDARDS IMPLE-PART MENTING THE PROGRAM FRAUD CIVIL REMEDIES ACT

42.1 Basis and purpose.

Definitions.

- 42.3 Basis for civil penalties and assessments.
- Investigation.
- Review by the reviewing official. 42.5
- 42.6 Prerequisites for issuing a complaint. 42.7 Complaint.
- 42.8 Service of complaint.